

SAFETY DATA SHEET

IDENTIFICATION AND EMERGENCY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME: Ram Primer/Surface Conditioner

MANUFACTURER: TOLL-FREE NUMBER: (877) 514-5336

MAIN NUMBER: (440) 605-1020 FAX NUMBER: (440) 605-1120

EMERGENCY NUMBER: (800) 424-9300

DATE PREPARED: June 16, 2020

Recommended Use: A component part of commercial waterproofing and roofing systems

Restrictions on Use: Should only be used by a Barrett Approved Contractor

: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

STOT RE 1;H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Specific Target Organs:

(central nervous system)

BARRETT COMPANY

2926 CHESTER AVE.

CLEVELAND, OH 44114

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

Response:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with mineral oil, water/shower.

P314 Get Medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

Storage:

P403+233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3: COMPOSITION INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical	CAS	Weight	GHS Classification	Notes
Designations	Number:	%		
Asphalt (petroleum)	0008052-42-4	50 - 75	Not Classified	[1][2]
Stoddard solvent	0008052-41-3	25 - 50	STOT RE 1;H372	[1][2]
Bitumen(containing aromatic oils)	0064742-93-4	10 - 25	Not Classified	[1]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.
- [3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.
Skin: Moderately irritating.
Ingestion: Abdominal irritation.

Inhalation: If enlivened by primer or heat, over exposure to fume could cause irritation, dizziness.

Inhalation: If respiratory discomfort occurs, remove to fresh air. If discomfort continues, administer oxygen and get

medical attention.

Eyes: Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.

Skin: If this product comes in contact with skin, remove material with mineral oil, then wash with soap and plenty of water.

Ingestion If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Overview: Pre-existing eye, skin, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to these products. Exposure to high

concentrations of fumes may have an anesthetic effect. Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the

^{*}The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

5:

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Class "B" dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or other suitable extinguishing material such as dry sand. Do not use halogenated agents. When flames have been eliminated, cover residue with dry extinguishing agent or dry sand and allow it to remain undisturbed until it has cooled. If fire appears to increase in intensity, stop using these agents. Apply Class "D" extinguishing agent or more dry, inert, granular material. Ring fire with extinguishing material and allow the fire to burn out.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbon fragments

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

When heated above flash point, material will release flammable vapors which can burn or be explosive in confined spaces if ignited. Do not mix with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine or concentrated oxygen.

If the fire does not respond to above agents or they are not available, use foam or water FOG as a last resort. Water may also be used to cool exposed, but not burning, containers. These products may float and be re-ignited on top of water.

Closed containers may explode in a fire. Keep containers cool and remove to a safe location.

In a confined space, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face-piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area.

ERG Guide No. 130

6:

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill as quickly as possible. Keep flowing material away from heat, sparks, or open flames. Do not smoke near a spill. Use clay (Oil Dry™), sand, earth, etc. to absorb the spill. Put material into a suitable steel drum which can be closed securely.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

7:

The requirements of the Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations apply if the flashpoint is between 21°C and 32°C.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool, dry area, away from heat, sparks and naked flames.

Keep containers sealed when not in use.

Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry ventilated area. Maintain package labeling during storage.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation to locations distant from the point of material handling. To prevent fumes from entering buildings or confined areas, close all air intake sources near the material handling or the work area. To prevent ignition, avoid smoking, keep away from heat, open flames and sources of static or electrical sparking. Use explosion proof motors and equipment. Tank trucks or other containers should be grounded and/or bonded when the material is transferred.

Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapors or spray mists. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Adhere to good hygienic practices. Avoid open flames. Use with adequate ventilation.

Store in a cool, dry place, out of direct sunlight and away from heat, sparks, and flame.

See section 2 for further details. - Storage:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Health studies have shown that many petroleum hydrocarbons pose potential human health risks which may vary from person to person. As a precaution, exposure to liquids, vapors, mists or fumes should be minimized.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

8:

CAS No. 0008052-41-3	Ingredient Stoddard solvent	Source OSHA ACGIH NIOSH Supplier	Value TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3) WA: 290 mg/m3STEL: 580 mg/m3 TWA 350 mg/m3 C 1800 mg/m3 [15-minute] No Established Limit
0008052-42-4	Asphalt (petroleum)	OSHA ACGIH NIOSH Supplier	No Established Limit TWA: 0.5 mg/m32B Ca C 5 mg/m3 [15-minute] No Established Limit
0064742-93-4	Bitumen (containing aromatic oils)	OSHA ACGIH NIOSH Supplier	No Established Limit No Established Limit No Established Limit No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0008052-41-3	Stoddard solvent	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No;
			Group 3: No; Group 4: No

0008052-42-4 Asphalt (petroleum) OSHA Select Carcinogen: No

NTP Known: No; Suspected: No

IARC Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes;

Group 3: No; Group 4: No

0064742-93-4 Bitumen (containing aromatic oils) OSHA Select Carcinogen: No

NTP Known: No; Suspected: No

IARC Group 1: No; Group 2a: Yes; Group 2b: No;

Group 3: No; Group 4: No

8.2. Exposure controls

9:

Respiratory In case of burning material, use SCAB.

Eyes Safety glasses or face shield for liquid material.

Skin Protective clothing as necessary to prevent wetting of the skin. Solvent-resistant gloves.

Engineering Controls Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use

of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable

respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices Long sleeves and impervious clothing to protect against splashing. Use good personal hygiene

practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled

clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. – Prevention:

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

AppearanceDark LiquidOdorMild PetroleumOdor thresholdNot MeasuredpHNot Measured

Melting point / freezing point NA

Initial boiling point and boiling range 300-350F

Flash Point (PMCC): 104F min.

Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) (Butyl Acetate=1)@77F: 0.2

Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Lower Explosive Limit:Not MeasuredUpper Explosive Limit:Not Measured

Vapor pressure (Pa) 3

Vapor Density (Air=1): > 4

Specific Gravity (H2O=1): 0.8 - 0.99

Solubility in Water Insoluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Not Measured
Auto-ignition temperature Not Measured
Decomposition temperature Not Measured
Viscosity (cSt) Not Measured

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10:

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbon fragments

11:

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	CAS No.	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Asphalt (petroleum)	(8052-42-4)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Stoddard solvent	(8052-41-3)	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Bitumen(containing	(64742-93-4)	5,000.00, Rat -	2,000.00, Rabbit -	No data available	No data available	No data available
aromatic oils)		Category: 5	Category: 4			

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	CAS No.	96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50	ErC50 algae, mg/l
		mg/l	crustacea, mg/l	
Asphalt (petroleum)	(8052-42-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Stoddard solvent	(8052-41-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Bitumen(containing aromatic oils)	(64742-93-4)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Bury in an approved landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations. Empty containers that have been completely emptied and the residue allowed to dry are not considered hazardous waste.

14: TRANSPORTATION AND OSHA LABEL INFORMATION				
14.1. UN number	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation) UN1999	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation) UN1999	ICAO/IATA UN1999	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not regulated, non-bulk	Tars, liquid including road oils and cutback bitumens	Tars, liquid including road oils and cutback bitumens	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		IMDG: 3	Air Class: 3	
14.4. Packing group		III F-E, S-E	III	
14.5. Environmental hazards		Marine Pollutant: No		
14.6. Special precautions for use	r	No further information		

15:	REGULATORY INFORMATION
Regulatory Overview	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only
Regulatory Overview	selected regulations are represented.
Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on
	the TSCA Inventory.
WHMIS Classification	B3 D2A

US EPA Tier II Hazards Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure:NoReactive:NoImmediate (Acute):NoDelayed (Chronic):Yes

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs: To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous: To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals: To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%): To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%): To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%): To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%): To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum)
Bitumen (containing aromatic oils)
Stoddard solvent

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Asphalt (petroleum) Stoddard solvent

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The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

16: OTHER INFORMATION

Date Prepared: May 1, 2015

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